

**CURRICULAR MATRIX OF THE POSTGRADUATE PROGRAM IN SOCIAL POLICY
AND TERRITORIES**

Compulsory Subjects

Subject	Course Menu
Territory and Development	Territorial dynamics and different scales of action and analysis of sociospatial processes, the historical-cultural diversity of the territory, strategies and instruments of territorial management and planning. Polarization of economic growth in the capitalist context and challenges for the implementation of territorially-based development strategies at multiple scales (local, regional, national, global, etc.). Territorial governance and decentralized economic and social development. Social policies and refutations about the territory. Culture, identity, and networks as a mechanism of differentiation, territorial competitiveness, and strategic force in the development process.
Social Research Methodology	The currents of sociological thought and the production of knowledge. Distinctions and disputes in the epistemological field and social research. Methodology of research in social sciences and the historical particularity of research in Social Work. Data production, instruments, research and analysis techniques. Ethics in research. Research project.
State, Social Policy, and Social Work	Design, genesis, development, and crisis of social policies in capitalist sociability. Nature, the role of the State, and relations with social classes and the "social issue". Relations between social policies and Social Work, rights, and citizenship. Social Policies, Capital Expropriation and Accumulation in Contemporary Capitalism. Relations between State, civil society, and Social Work in the different institutional spheres and in the formulation of social policies

Optional Subjects

Subject	Course Menu
Work, Social Issue, and Rights	Ontological Foundations of the category of work and its centrality in social life. The critique of political economy and the locus of capitalist accumulation in the production and reproduction of social relations. The theory of labor value and the commodity fetishism. The theory of surplus value in Marx. The subsumption of labor to capital. The "Social Issue" in capitalism and the field of class struggle. "Social Issue" and Rights in contemporary capitalism: genesis and contradictions.

Social Work, Social Issue, and Brazilian Capitalism	The sociohistorical genesis of Social Work in bourgeois sociability. Social Work, "social issue" and Brazilian capitalism. The foundations of the Brazilian bourgeois revolution and the theoretical-methodological, historical, and ethical-political foundations of Social Work in Brazil. Ethical-political project, conservatism, and neoconservatism in neoliberalism.
Special topics in Social Policy 1: Health	The subject addresses public health policies in Brazil, Bahia, and the Recôncavo region, seeking to match health models. It is anchored in the understanding of health as a universal right and as a social policy that contributes to the reduction of inequalities. It focuses, from the theoretical and historical point of view, on health policies, social determinants and inequalities, and the current configuration of the Brazilian health system, visualizing the Unified Health System in articulation with the health care models in the individual and collective scope.
Special topics in Social Policy 2: Social Security	Social security as policy. The conceptual question of social security in the context of economic and social relations. Work, employment, and social security. The process of State intervention and the formulation of social security. The struggles and crises in the scope of social security and its models of financing, administration, and benefits. Social security in Brazil and the populist, corporatist, and technocratic perspective. Citizenship and social security in Brazil after the Constitution of 1988. The relationship between social security and health care. Social security reform in the 1990s.
Special topics in Social Policy 3: Social Assistance	The historical trajectory of assistance in capitalist societies: charity, humanism, philanthropy, strategies of control of the poor. Mass poverty in capitalism and welfare measures in the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. The relation between social assistance and work in capitalism. The Origin and Development of Social Assistance in Brazil. The social security system established in the Brazilian Constitution of 1988 and its meaning for the social assistance

	<p>policy. Conceptual, legal bases, principles, and guidelines of the LOAS and the Social Assistance Policy. The Single System of Social Assistance (SUAS). Nature and scope of social welfare rights and services; organizational structure and management mechanisms; functions and beneficiaries. The contribution of Social Work in the production and redimensioning of theoretical/practical knowledge of social assistance policy.</p>
Social Protection and Citizenship in Capitalism	<p>Social Protection in its divergent theoretical conceptions and matrices. Theories of citizenship and the concept of human emancipation. The Social Protection System, Brazilian social security, and citizenship rights.</p>
Poverty, identity, citizenship, and culture	<p>The historicity and the multifaceted character of the condition of poverty. Poverty-related issues in the contemporary world. Poverty and misery in Brazilian society, in Bahia, and in the Recôncavo region. The analysis of culture, ways of life, and the process of construction of meanings of poverty, and its relationship with social policies. Objective and subjective dimensions of poverty. Poverty and citizenship, main theoretical approaches. Poverty, citizenship, and the construction of identities.</p>
Democratic participation and social control	<p>State and participation. Enlarged state and bourgeois democracy. Participation and democracy: the democratic deficit, citizen participation, and institutional participation. Policy management councils: origin and trends.</p>
Gender, sexuality, and race/ethnicity in neoliberalism	<p>Theoretical conceptions about gender, race/ethnicity, and sexuality in the global North and South. The regimes of gender, sexuality, and race in colonialism and neoliberalism. Latin American feminist perspectives and the activism of women, blacks, indigenous, and LGBT people. Social Work and the confrontation with the exploitation/oppression of gender, race/ethnicity, sexuality, and social class.</p>
Family, Social Work, and social policies	<p>Historicity and conceptual aspects of the Family category. The family history in Brazil, current concepts, debates, and controversies, family arrangements and the process of capitalist subjectivation. Family, Social Work, and social public policies in Brazil.</p>

<p>Analysis and evaluation of social policies and programs</p>	<p>Elements of the process of elaboration and implementation of social policies and programs. Stages of the decision making process. Analysis of the main models and theoretical perspectives on the formulation, implementation, analysis, and evaluation of social policies and programs, seeking to identify the conceptual frameworks, designs, and instruments. The methods and models used in the analysis of social policies and programs, problematizing the limits of these methodologies with a critical perspective to understand the dimensions for the analysis of social policies and social programs considering the scope of rights, budget, democratic control, and government spheres in the context of counter-reform and financialization of capital.</p>
<p>Economic changes and territorial dynamics</p>	<p>Studying new strategies of development of economic institutions in the sectorial and territorial dimensions in light of the economic globalization and the integration of countries in the world economy, with emphasis on Brazil. Exploring the main theoretical and methodological approaches that seek to interpret these recent processes, and debating the expectations of the near future of the contemporary transformations. Seeking reflexive support in the interdisciplinary perspective, focused on the interaction of economics and economic geography with the social and cognitive sciences.</p>